

# CHINOOK ADVANCE

VOL. VI, NO. 15

CHINOOK, ALBERTA, JULY 31, 1919

Subscription: \$1.00 per year, in advance, Single Copy, 5 cents

## See our display of MEN'S FELT HATS

These are all best stock, ranging  
from 1.50 to 7.00 each

We are clearing out our surplus stock of

## Misses & Children's Shoes

Sizes 10, 10½, 11, 12, 13, at Bargain Prices

## We wish to call your attention to our stock of Middy Waists

these old stock and we are selling these at old prices

## We are selling the remainder of our Men's Straw Hats at a reduced price

## H. C. Briggins Shaw

The Store with the Goods

Watch for the Ad in this  
space

### Breezelets

"Alberta fish are vanishing," say several anglers.

But not the whopping big fish yarns. There will always be some of the "biggest fish" left to tell about.

Dr. Salem Bland, pastor of the Broadway Methodist Tabernacle, Toronto, Ont., whose advanced views (bordering on Bolshevism) on the labor question has brought about a clash with his congregation.

When Dr. Salem was in the west he had plain sailing, but down east his bark struck a snag and was wrecked.

Pat Burns is reported as saying that he can see no reason to be pessimistic.

If we could persuade Pat Burns to change places with us—financially—for twelve months he would quickly change his tune to a minor key.

Borden conferring on handling of this year's crop.

Sir Robert should come down in some of the dry areas to do his conferring—it wouldn't take him long to do the handling.

Simonoff, the Bolshevik representative in Australia, was released under the government scheme of clemency in connection with the peace celebration.

Had he been an anti-Bolshevik living in Bolshevik Russia, Simonoff would have had his head cut off instead.

A noiseless pneumatic riveter squeezes rivets into holes with a pressure of a ton.

A fortune awaits the genius who will invent a squeezer that will spuch the Bolsheve and soap box orator who glides in among a peaceful and contented people.

### YOUNGSTOWN IS LEAGUE CHAMPION

Defeats Chinook on Home  
Grounds by Score of  
9 to 5

Defeating Chinook on the home grounds Tuesday evening in the last game of the league series Youngstown secured top place in the league. The score was 9 to 5. Oyen in winning from Cereal the same evening gets second place. Out of 12 games played Youngstown wins 8 and Oyen 7. The home town players managed to get away with it, but the Youngstown players, while they have much to be proud of in the series as a whole, cannot pat themselves on the back much over the last game. It was a dull, slow exhibition. Fumbles, wild throws and dropped flies were the order of the day and it looked like Chinook's game right up to the last two innings when a few long hits saved the day for us. About the only thrills came from Parsons' home run in the sixth, which was really some hit, and Denholm's fine catch for the last out of the game.

The Score by Innings  
Youngstown... 0 2 0 0 3 4 x-9  
Chinook..... 1 2 1 1 0 0 0-5

League Standing  
P W L Pct  
Youngstown... 12 8 4 667  
Oyen... 12 7 5 583  
Chinook... 12 6 7 417  
Cereal... 12 4 8 333

### TO AID FARMERS IN DROUGHT AREA

As suggested in our article of last week, the Dominion and Alberta governments, according to a statement of the Hon. Duncan Marshall, have made arrangements to grant transportation of hay from Manitoba and Saskatchewan to any farmer in Alberta in the dried out districts, who is unable to obtain sufficient feed. That is alright as far as it goes, but something more must be done. Most of the farmers in these dried out districts haven't the cash to purchase the feed. With hay between \$20 and \$30 per ton, under present circumstances how are these farmers going to purchase the hay? The two governments must not only give free transportation, but must also finance the purchase as well—or free transportation will be of no avail to a very large proportion of the farmers in these particular districts.

As we pointed out last week, the situation has gone beyond the question of feed for stock only, for in some districts it will be absolutely necessary to give financial assistance to the ruined farmers and their families. In some districts, many farmers have failed to obtain a crop for three successive years, and relief for these people is getting to be a matter of great urgency, and one that needs urgent attention on the part of the government.

### TROUBLES NEVER SEEM TO COME ALONE

Just as if the Alberta farmer hadn't enough disaster befall him this summer, a very serious hail storm passed over a large area on Friday last, many farmers, who had some show of a crop, lost their all by the storm. The storm first struck the Gleichen district about 3 p.m., and raged for nearly an hour, flattening out everything before it over an area of eight miles. The storm then swept north-east over a large area, and came on raging south of Coltholme. Among the local farmers who suffered were Norman Stewart, Lorne Proudfoot and others, but not so seriously as some.

Fortunately these were insured in the government municipal insurance. While several others who had hail insurance took advantage of a provision in their contracts and cancelled it during July after they had imagined hail danger had passed. There is only one perfectly safe thing to do with hail insurance—to leave it till after every acre is harvested and the grain safe in the bin.

It then passed on to the Cappon district, where much damage was done, completely flattening out some of the best crops in this part of Alberta, also wiping out potatoes and all garden stuff. Amongst the heavy sufferers around there were J. W. Yake, principal of Chinook Consolidated School.

### ANGLICAN CHURCH

Cereal  
St. John the Baptist—  
Sunday school, 11.00 a.m.  
Evensong, and sermon, 7.30 p.m.

Stimson  
Evensong and sermon, 3 p.m.

Cereal  
St. John the Baptist—  
On Sunday next at 7.30 p.m. a memorial service for those fallen in the war.  
Everybody welcome.

Stimson  
Memorial service at 3 p.m.

### LANGFORD U.F.A. Enjoyment on the Beach

Despite the inclemency of the weather, which threatened for a time last Saturday morning (July 20th) to blast the hopes and anticipations of the members of the Langford, Chillmark and Acadia U.F.A., nature had respect for their good wives' preparations for the picnic at the Red Deer river, and caused the sun to shine out anew, rich with the promise of a glorious day. Although slightly delayed, many of the members, their wives and families, gathered at the rendezvous and thoroughly enjoyed themselves, going back to their homes the following day feeling the better for their short vacation. The Saturday was mostly occupied on the arrival of the party by pitching tents, swimming, fishing, etc., but their efforts were not confined to this alone, for considerable energy was expended in reducing the contents of the lunch boxes prepared by the ladies' capable hands. Apples, pears, wheated by the keen eyes of the fair, and all did justice to them.

In the evening the men had a football game, where (although pick-up teams were matched on) considerable enthusiasm for each side was shown, and after a hardy contested game, victory went to the winners on a score of 2 goals to nil. On the arrival of the party in camp again in the twilight, a lunch was served. Of course, the inevitable Romeo and Juliet were in evidence, and as Romeo washed the dishes while Juliet dried, the red glow of the fire's embers and the twinkling of the stars overhead were too much for Romeo, and he sentimentally remarked, "I don't mind washing dishes when I have some one to dry them." Juliet fittingly remarked, "that it was not a very nice job alone." Friends, we will leave them here to the red embers of the camp fire and the twinkling stars, and may Romeo always feel like washing the dishes as long as he has Juliet to dry them. After a while the camp sangled down for the night, the ladies in tents, the men in the bushes, or on the sand bars, wherever fancy dictated; some three in a bed where they fought for blankets as valiantly as they had for the football earlier in the day. The man in the middle looked the most used up in the morning, and as he combed his scattered locks at a broken piece of looking glass one could well imagine that a second Ypres with gas attacks had been going on around him. The silence of the camp was disturbed by ghastly whispers, as one could well imagine that night when the Aurora borealis sent long, luminous moving shafts of light across the northern sky. The whispers were followed by a stampede of women from the tent, and not knowing but what they might be as dangerous as cattle when they got well under way, we raised up in bed to sound the fire alarm, but were relieved to see the foremost figure veer off in the direction of the wagons.

After a few energetic shoves which scattered innocent sleeping dogs in all directions, a retreat was made back to tent. From sundry conversation I gathered that someone had been heartless enough to suggest that she had heard the dogs in the lunch boxes. The examination, however, proved them guiltless. The way to a man's heart is said to be always through his stomach, so even at this late hour we give thanks to the ladies who so faithfully guarded the victuals that they braved snakes and mice and thorn bushes in their bare feet to guard their charge. Ex.

(Continued on last page)

### CHINOOK SCHOOL REPORT FOR JUNE

Room I.

Grade III—  
H. West.  
N. Short.  
C. Dumonowski.  
E. Grant.  
D. Smith.  
R. Shabino.  
M. Peterson.  
J. Cadwell.  
B. Theuss.  
M. Milligan.  
V. Maris.  
J. Wilson.  
Primary Class—

Grade II—  
B. Noble.  
R. Miller.  
L. Hamon.  
D. Lindsay.  
D. McKenzie.  
V. Dressel.  
C. Short.  
A. Mannen.  
O. Bradley.  
M. Aarsby.  
O. Aarsby.  
E. Grant.  
D. Milligan.  
J. Hewitt.

Grade I—  
L. Dressel.  
J. Eugler.  
L. Brownell.  
H. Milligan.  
L. Hohlner.  
A. Class—  
F. Johnson.  
A. Johnson.  
M. Milligan.  
A. Deman.  
M. Otto.  
A. Deman.  
M. McIntosh.  
M. Young.  
L. Hohlner.  
M. Whiteside.  
J. Hunter.  
G. Hunter.

Room II.  
Results of final examinations.  
N.B.—The same exam. papers as the Calgary schools.

Grade V—  
A. Woodruff, 75.  
P. Theuss, 74.  
V. Bennett, 65.  
E. Johnson, 61.  
J. Stevenson, 59.  
M. Woodruff, 56.  
M. Richardson, 54.

Grade IV—  
V. Aarsby, 65.  
L. Jensen, 58.  
L. Brownell, 58.  
C. Stata, 55.  
E. Noble, 55.  
A. Cadwell, 55.  
B. Bradley.  
G. Upstone, 50.  
V. Bradley, 49.  
E. Lando, 41.

Grade III—  
C. Aarsby, 80.  
M. Todd, 65.  
D. Smith, 63.  
E. Young, 61.  
H. Dressel, 60.  
E. Jensen, 58.  
W. Richardson, 56.  
H. Bradley, 55.  
C. Johnston, 50.

The following were awarded prizes for best daily work during the term:

Grade V—  
Paul Theuss, boys' prize.  
Melva Richardson, girls' prize.  
Grade IV—  
Vernon Aarsby, boys' prize.  
Lorena Jensen, girls' prize.  
Grade III—  
David Smith, boys' prize.  
Crystal Aarsby, girls' prize.  
V. Aarsby. Gnr. S. Hi

On Sunday last, Douglas, the two-and-a-half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McColl, broke a small bone in his right arm when he fell off a tent pole on the verandah in front of the house. He is progressing favorably.







## May Not Hold Trial In London

London.—It is possible that former Emperor William may not be tried in London, according to an announcement made in the House of Lords by Earl Curzon, government leader in the upper house.

The Lords passed the peace treaty and the Anglo-French treaty through all stages. In the course of discussion, Viscount Bryce deprecated holding the trial of the former German Emperor at London.

Baron Buckmaster said there were grave reasons why the government ought not to pursue any further the project of trying the German war lord. It was certainly unfeeling, he declared, to ask an English judge to sit on such a tribunal to administer a law he does not know by procedure and has never been defined, in a court he does not control.

In his reply, Earl Curzon said he thought the Kaiser in exile in no way comparable with Charles I. or Napoleon. He was unable to imagine that a man who ignominiously fled his country could be turned into a martyr or a hero by a trial, while his continued presence near the German border might be a political danger.

It might be, however, that the trial would be held in London. No final decision has been reached, and the chances of the trial becoming a spectacular show and disturbing public opinion and the daily national life were important considerations. Even if the trial were within the sphere of Britain, it by no means followed that London would be the place selected.

## Resume Trade With Germany

Trade of World Rush in With First Raising of the Allied Blockade

Berlin.—The first results of the raising of the blockade, says the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, is the flooding of Cologne with foreign goods.

"French firms," the newspaper adds, "are offering hundreds of thousands of kilograms of cocoa powder, chocolate, coffee, oil, pork fat, macaroni and toilet soaps. German import companies have been offered large quantities of corn starch and cocoa, hundreds of carloads of white beans and Chinese yellow peas, and raw coffee and chocolate in huge quantities."

"The American offers include bamboo, olive oil, rubber coats, steam turbines, automobile machinery, various oils and vaseline."

"An Anglo-American firm offers the direct importation of borax, paraffin, resin, flax oil, shellac and soap."

## Cutting Wheat Near Brandon

Brandon.—Robert Roddick, farmer of Brandon Hills, is cutting wheat. He commenced on a field that was sown on April 15. It is said to be the finest crop since 1914. It is 30 years since wheat was cut in this part of the district during July. Wheat fields on the Assiniboine River valley are ripening fast.

## Paris Honored Victim

Paris.—Paris honored the memory of Sgt. Paul Mannheim, of the French army, who was murdered in Berlin on July 13. The burial of Sgt. Mannheim took place at the Pere Lachaise cemetery. Great crowds followed the funeral procession, in which President Poincaré and Premier Clemenceau were represented.

## Civilian Disturbances All Over England

London.—Civilian disturbances in different parts of the country have been as destructive as anything committed by the military. At Swindon gangs of youths and discharged imperial soldiers looted twenty business premises and burned the flagstaff outside the municipal buildings. At Luton, where the town hall was burned, further disturbances were quelled by police charges. Men and four women were arrested, and further arrests are imminent. At Coventry many shops were attacked; 40 persons were injured, some dangerously, and police assistance was sought from Birmingham. At Bilston the mobs tore down a wall and used the bricks as missiles against the police. Additional police were summoned from neighboring towns.

## Fatal Airplane Accident

Lieut. W. R. Cross and Wife of Aviator Kerr Instantly Killed

Portage La Prairie.—Lieut. W. R. "Buster" Cross and Mrs. S. P. Kerr are dead and Lieut. S. P. Kerr, of the Victoria Airplane company, of Winnipeg, is in the Portage general hospital in a precarious condition as the result of a nose dive made by his machine about two miles north of this city. How the accident happened cannot be learned except from those who saw the machine come down, and they state that the engine stopped at a sudden, and the nose of the machine turned earthward and it came down with a crash.

Lieut. Kerr and party arrived here from Winnipeg with their machine, and had arranged to proceed to the Brandon exhibition. They made an early start, but had some kind of trouble west of the city and were forced to land in a plowed field, negotiating assistance in getting out. Nothing more was heard of them until they were observed flying north of the city, heading evidently for the landing place used during the visit here exhibition week. They were flying at an altitude of about 200 feet, when of a sudden the engine stopped and the plane came down on the farm of the Home for Incubables.

It is surmised that, flying so close to the ground, Lieut. Kerr, who was running the machine, did not have time to straighten out before the crash came. The nose of the machine crashed into the ground and drove the engine in on top of Mrs. Kerr and Lieut. Cross, who were in the front seat, and were taken out they were crushed almost beyond recognition. When the machine struck, Lieut. Kerr, who was in the back seat looking after the control, bounced out and landed clear of the machine, but he was unconscious when picked up, and rushed to the hospital.

Parts of the machine had to be torn away to get the bodies of Mrs. Kerr and Lieut. Cross out of the wreckage, but there was no sign of life, and they must have been instantly killed.

The machine was what is known as the L.W.F. war type, 145 horsepower, and has 48-foot wing span.

## Honorary Degree Recipients

Given to Leaders in War By Cambridge University

Cambridge, England.—General Sir Arthur Currie, commander of the Canadian forces, was among those who received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Cambridge University. The ceremony took place in the senate house, which was crowded mostly with undergraduates dressed in military and naval uniforms for the occasion. The vice-chancellor of the university, Dr. Arthur E. Shipley, of Christ College, presided.

Among the various recipients of the degree were Admirals Sturdee and Vemyss, and Generals Rawlinson, Birdwood, Wilson, Herne, Monash, the Earl of Cavan and Gen. Pershing.

The vice-chancellor then entertained the party at luncheon in Christ College hall, to which they walked through the rain, the students following and cheering. Gen. Birdwood was carried shoulder high by the youths.

## Would Exclude Canadian Cattle

Fears Expressed in England That Animals Are Exposed to Diseases

London.—Farmers of England are opposing the efforts being made to remove the long-standing prohibition on the importation of Canadian cattle. The council of the chamber of agriculture has adopted a report urging that there be no relaxation in the restrictions, not because of disease which is admitted to be non-existent in Canada, but because Canada's extended frontier exposes her to constant danger from the U.S., where animal diseases are always present.

## Awaiting Proclamation Of Peace At Ottawa

Ottawa In Throes of Doubt as to When War Measures Act Expires

Ottawa.—Parliament will be in session again before the War Measures Act expires, and with it the rules relating to betting, prohibition and other war-time orders-in-council passed under its provisions. Such is the understanding here, and was the understanding when parliament prorogued a fortnight ago. At that time the final complete text of the peace treaty with Germany had not been received in Ottawa, and therefore could not be submitted to parliament for ratification. Drafts as prepared had been received and changes made are cabled from Paris. It was not till the arrival in Ottawa of Hon. C. J. Doherty, who with Hon. A. L. Sifton signed the treaty for Canada, that the text as signed at Versailles was available. The understanding with the British government when Sir Robert Borden left London was that there would be no proclamation of peace by Britain for some time, and at any rate not till the Canadian parliament had full opportunity to ratify.

Since then, however, greater necessity has apparently arisen in Great Britain for an early proclamation that a state of war no longer exists. It is understood that the government here is in communication with the imperial authorities on the subject and that stress is being laid on the necessity for full opportunity being given to the Dominion parliament for discussion of the treaty's terms before formal proclamation of peace by the King. Notice has already been given of a special session in the fall for ratification.

While the question has not been discussed in cabinet as yet, it is probable that the date of opening will be advanced a week or two to avoid any unnecessary delay. But that peace will be officially proclaimed before the Dominion parliament can be summoned is regarded here as extremely unlikely.

The point raised by Sir A. B. Aylesworth that the war time orders-in-council, notwithstanding their own provisions, will not be operative after expiry of the War Measures Act is generally conceded. A similar opinion was given by a committee of legal experts in Great Britain, with regard to orders-in-council passed under the Defence of the Realm Act.

It is pointed out that under the treaty with Germany peace cannot be proclaimed until after ratification by Germany and by three of the principal allied and associated powers. The principal allied and associated powers are defined in the treaty as U.S., British Empire, France, Italy and Japan. Ratification of the treaty with Germany alone is not regarded as being sufficient to end the war and the War Measures Act. There will be also need to be ratification of peace with Austria. Peace with Germany would be merely a partial peace. But whether ratification of the peace with Bulgaria and Turkey first would be necessary in so far as the termination of the War Measures Act is concerned is regarded as somewhat doubtful. There is little likelihood, in actual practice, of much difference in time between the proclamation of peace in Great Britain and its proclamation in Canada by the governor-general.

## Canadians Sentenced In England

End of Trial of Seven in Connection With Death of Espom Policeman

London.—At the Surrey assizes Bugler Robert Todd and Private E. A. McAlister of the Canadian Forestry Corps were found not guilty of manslaughter in connection with the death of Police Sergeant Gen. F. H. Wilkie, 102nd Canadian Battalion; J. Connors, 113th Canadian Highlanders; A. McMaster, 3rd Canadian Reserve, and D. Y. Jones, of the Canadian Forestry Corps, were found guilty and sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment with hard labor.

## No Trace of Nipigon Man

Port William, Ont.—Another day's sun has set and still the second victim implicated in the murder of Constable Armstrong at Nipigon is at large. Apparently there has been no sign of him, although the search of Inspector Symons, Sergeant Burleigh and members of the local police forces, Mounted Police, Dominion, provincial and railway police, has been incessant in the vigilance for him and are still scouring the woods between Port Arthur and Wild Goose Point.

W. N. U. 1274

## Strikers On Trial At Winnipeg

Winnipeg Strike Leaders Laugh at Evidence Tended on Conspiracy

Winnipeg.—A secret service whose ramifications extended even into the carefully-guarded precincts of the labor temple was named as the source of evidence of an actual revolution by Sgt. A. E. Reames, chief of the Manitoba Royal Northwest Mounted Police secret service, at the preliminary trial of eight labor leaders charged with seditious conspiracy.

The accused, R. B. Russell, W. M. Ivans, W. A. Pritchard, R. J. Johns, Alderman A. A. Heaps and John Queen, George Armstrong and R. E. Bray, maintained the attitude they adopted at the first sessions; they laughed outright at some of the evidence and continually passed laughing whiskeys.

"Reports I had from reliable agents were to the effect that there was a revolution in the making," Sgt. Reames declared under cross-examination by E. J. Murray. He reiterated quotations from speeches by Wm. Ivans and Geo. Armstrong which counselled revolution. He said he believed the speeches were contributory causes to the general strike.

"I was not surprised that the strike was peaceful at first," he said. "It would have remained so if the strike committee could have retained control of everything in the city under the labor temple permit system. They wanted peace for a purpose." Evidence of an independent witness, Joseph T. Hill, who had attended a meeting of the labor temple the first night, brought out the fact that Wm. Ivans had told a large gathering of ignorant foreigners that their homes were in danger of violation by the special police. Mr. Ivans told a story of a special policeman stealing money from a striker's wife and children under threat of his home. When the special police had been attacked the next day, the witness had thought it his duty to report Ivans' speech to the police. He said he believed it was contributory to the riots, and was "vicious and that its effect at that time would be particularly bad."

## Political Landslide In Prince Edward Island

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—Liberals swept the province in the general elections, capturing 26 seats out of 30.

The only Conservative survivors of the debacle were Hon. Arsenault, premier; Hon. James A. McNeill, commissioner of public works, and J. E. Murdoch, Kennedy, without portfolio, and J. D. Stewart McKinnon, commissioner of agriculture, was defeated.

This was the most one-sided election since Confederation, with the exception of 1911, when the Liberals won only two seats. When the house dissolved, the parties stood: Conservatives, 18; Liberals, 11; and one seat vacant.

The Liberals elected are: Bell, Lea, Gallant, McArthur, Sanders, Dennis, McLean, McArthur, Crosby Hughes, LePage, Brodie D. MacDonald, Nash, Irving, Higgins, Duffy, D. C. MacDonald, Acorn, Cos, McIntyre, Johnston, Ovar, Sutherland, Butler and Heslin.

Such a sweeping victory was unexpected by both sides, although the result of the federal elections, when four Liberals got a majority of home votes, afterwards changed by the soldiers' votes, foreshadowed a Conservative defeat. The returned soldiers did not take an active part in the contest, but it is evident that a majority voted Liberal. Fine weather brought out a large vote. There was a big turnover in Charlottetown, the Liberals capturing both seats by the pension of labor going with the opposition.

Dissatisfaction with the administration of the public works department, especially the neglect of roads, with the administration of the agricultural department, and with the proposal of the government to levy additional taxes on the land against the Conservatives. People also looked with disfavor upon the highway bill, fearing that payment of the sixty per cent. asked for by the federal government would be too heavy a burden.

The French government has conferred the Médaille Militaire, its highest decoration for an enlisted man, on a negro corporal of the 372nd Infantry, who was formerly a waiter in a Boston restaurant. Heroism, as the war has abundantly shown, has nothing to do with race, color or previous condition of servitude.

## Serious Disorders In Upper Egypt

Lenine Wants Peace With Rumania

Makes Concessions For Armistice, But Ties Serious String to Proposals

London.—A Bolshevik delegation has arrived at Kishinev with an offer of peace to the commander of the Rumanian troops on behalf of Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier, according to a Berlin government wireless dispatch.

Lenine offers to cede Bessarabia to Rumania on condition that Rumania shall prohibit Ukrainian citizens and bands of Admiral Kolchak, head of the all-Russian government at Omsk, from crossing the Rumanian frontier.

An armistice to last eight days has been concluded on the Bessaragian front, and the delegation has gone to Rumanian headquarters.

## Victory For Clemenceau

Great Success of Premier Clemenceau When He Won a Vote of Confidence

Paris.—All newspapers, excepting those distinctly hostile to the government, comment upon the great success of Premier Clemenceau when he won a vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies. Some papers make the point that the result shows the vote, in which the government was in the minority, was not aimed at the government, but was intended to obtain a more energetic policy designed to end the high cost of living, which, it was declared, threatened to paralyze the country. The papers express pleasure that Premier Clemenceau had pledged himself to consult the country soon, through the coming elections.

## Prince To Visit White House

British Heir-Apparent Invited to Be Guest of United States Government

London.—The Prince of Wales will reach the U.S. next month as the guest of the U.S. government. King George, on behalf of the Prince, has accepted an invitation sent the Prince by President Wilson, to visit the President in Washington.

After his visit to Canada, the Prince will go to Washington for a few days as a guest of the United States government and later will make a brief visit to New York, where he will live on board the British battleship Renown in New York harbor, although still a guest of the government.

## King to Unveil Montreal Statue

Montreal.—King George has consented to unveil the memorial here to Sir Etienne Cartier by pressing a button at Balmoral. The Duke of Connaught cabled E. W. Villeneuve, president of the Cartier centenary, of which the former Governor-General was a patron; that His Majesty would unveil the statue by this method on September 6, the anniversary of Cartier's birthday. A wire will be run from Balmoral to connect with the Atlantic and Canadian cable lines, thus forming a direct electrical connection.

## Trading In Titles Is Charge Made

London.—The tender spot in British politics today is the question of the pension of titles. These are awarded, of course, by the King, but on the nomination of the Prime Minister, and the criticism of reformers is that titles have been given for a long time and by various prime ministers for purely party services, and practically bought by contributions to party funds.

The House of Lords has a peculiar interest in this matter, because the old "noble" families are jealous of having their caste lowered by the addition to the newly rich and purely rich to the orders of nobility. The question was threshed out last year, but it was not until general understanding that hereafter when honors were announced the reason for their bestowal should be published. This has been done in form, but it is alleged, not in substance, because several much criticized honors in the state list were described as "for public services," which might mean almost anything.

London.—Eight hundred natives were killed and 1,600 wounded during the recent disturbances in Egypt, according to dispatches from General E. H. Allenby, Col. Harnsworth, under secretary of the foreign office, announced in the House of Commons.

The casualties to European and other civilians were:

Killed, 31; wounded, 35.

The casualties to the military were:

Killed, 29; wounded, 114.

The death sentence was imposed on 39 natives; detention for life, 26. Upwards of 1,000 were sentenced to short terms of imprisonment. The military courts have been dispensed with, the sentences which they imposed being reduced by three months.

## Germany Would Be Friends With Neighbors

Advances Along Path in Expectation of Revision of Peace Treaty

Weimar.—Dr. Hermann Mueller, minister of foreign affairs, speaking before the national assembly, urged the carrying out of the peace treaty to the utmost, while working also for its revision. He advocated also the friendliest disposition towards Belgium by real sacrifices, thus paving the way for an understanding with the Belgian neighbor nations.

Dr. Mueller favored non-intervention in Russia and an effort to promote friendly relations with Poland and Czechoslovakia, while not forgetting Germany's former allies, Bulgaria and Turkey.

## Priests Must Pay

Kingston, Ont.—Judge Lavell has issued an attaching order to twelve Roman Catholic clergymen in the Kingston archdiocese for the "Cathedral," the ten per cent. of the revenue of a parish priest which is payable to Archbishop Spratt from the respective parishes of these men. This step is being taken to realize under the judgment obtained by Sister Mary Basil against Archbishop Spratt and Sister Marguerite, of the House of Providence, for the sum of \$20,000.

## Germans Must Surrender Livestock

Paris.—Germany will have to surrender to France 500 stallions, 3,000 sires, 10,000 milch cows, 100,000 sheep and 10,000 goats, according to a report made to the French peace commission sitting under the presidency of Rene Viviani, by M. Dubois, economic expert for the commission, in commenting on the peace treaty clauses.

Two hundred stallions, 5,000 mares, 5,000 sires, 50,000 cows and 4,000 heifers were also to go to Belgium from Germany. The deliveries are to be made monthly during a period of three months until completed.

## Our State-Owned Ships

Ottawa.—By the end of this year the government will have twenty ships with a total tonnage of 110,000 tons operating in the North Atlantic and West Indian trade. The voyages made by the seven steamers already in commission have been very profitable.

The new national party, which has a few members in the House of Commons, has taken up the question. The chairman, Gen. Page Croft, has written to the newspapers proposing to prove before any judicial committee that since 1910 one member of parliament has rejected an offer of a title in return for a cash payment to party funds, and the offer of a member of the House of Commons was offered a baronetcy for £25,000.

He charged also that a member of parliament who was created a peer after the beginning of the war, subscribed shortly afterwards a very large sum of money to a newspaper that supports the Premier.

He mentions also instances in which he says titles were granted to a politician of so notorious a character as to be regarded as unfit to be a candidate for parliament, to another politician regarded as unscrupulous, and to a third man "previously involved in a notorious social scandal."



# Besse & Huggins

## The Implement Men

McCormick and Deering Harvesting Machines  
Titan and Mogul Tractors  
Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Chinook, Alta.

This is the season, they tell us, to swart the fly. You cannot swat the nose fly, but you can buy your horses Wire Nose Guards that will dull the beak of the wickedest fly in the country

We carry the best

## Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

Old Massey-Harris Building  
Opposite the Hotel

Chinook

## W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpene.

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work  
Repairing.

## Under New Management

## Chinook Livery and Feed Barn

First-class Teams and Rigs.

The best of Hay ALWAYS

Draying in connection

Our Motto—"Service"

Give us a call

R. D. VANHOOK, Prop'r



J.M. DAVIS

## PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of  
uction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK.

Dates can be made at 11:00

## MAH BROS.

Regular first-class meals, 40c

Board and Room by the week  
very reasonable

Short Orders at all hours  
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes  
and Tobaccos

Ice Cream and Bread  
Fruits in Season

## UNION CAFE

Regular first class meals 40c

Board and Room by the week  
very reasonable.

Short Order at all times

Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes  
and Tobaccos

Ice Cream and Soft Drinks

## MAY TURN OUT STOCK EARLIER THIS FALL

Change in Sounding Creek  
Bylaw Read First Time;  
Hold Revision Court

Sounding Creek Municipal District council at their meeting on Saturday last decided to sit as a court of revision at their next regular meeting on Saturday, August 30, to consider appeals against the assessment.

R. Clarke Fraser was elected deputy reeve for the next six months.

On motion of Mr. Cameron the council decided to make a grant of \$100 each to the Youngstown and Chinook agricultural societies.

On motion of Mr. Fraser mill rates for the various school districts were struck as follows:

Murphy, 9; Wistena, 12; Little Gem, 12; Diamond, 12; New Bliss, 8; Naco, 12; Marguerite, 5; Ryerson, 11; Dobson, 6; De Jay, 11; Devonshire, 4; Earl Grey, 2; Young Canada, 6.

On motion of Mr. Fraser the reeve, secretary-treasurer and W. H. Chapman were appointed a committee to secure legal advice in the matter of the weed claims of the municipality against M. J. Aarsby, and to institute such proceedings as they deem necessary for their immediate collection.

The chief weed inspector was instructed, on motion of Mr. Cameron, to see that any weeds still showing on the east half of 17-30-8 be destroyed by the owner of the property at once, and that the inspector be instructed to prosecute said owner if he refuses or neglects to look after them.

Mr. Fraser introduced a motion which was read a first time, to amend section 5 of bylaw 6 so as to permit horses and cattle to run at large from October 1 this year instead of from November 1 as usual. This action was taken on account of the drought and to help out the feed problem.

On motion of Mr. Cameron, all weed inspectors are instructed to consult the councillor for the division affected before incurring an considerable expense in the destruction of weeds.

Mr. Fraser moved and it was decided to discontinue the payment of gopher bounties from the first day of August this year.

The following bills passed by a finance committee were ordered paid: Pay sheets—Division 2, \$193.05; division 4, \$412.50; division 5, \$1,183.10; division 6, \$570.45. Western Municipal News, \$1.03; John Featherstone, \$45; Walter Shelton, \$99; W. J. Cummings, \$96; Chas. Wylie, \$45.24; E. H. Blum, \$165; L. M. Colpitts, (salary) \$100; (commission) \$27.80; (freight) \$6.15; gopher bounty fund, \$100; Davis Motor Co, \$4.50; Banner Hardware, \$6.55; Plaiddealer, \$4.76; Star Livery, \$1; W. C. Auld, \$7.49; Earl Vaughan, \$1.59; Jas. Johnston, \$1.59; Ben Dickson, \$16; Jack Dickson, \$42; Phillip Dickson, \$19.50; E. Kern, \$8; C. O. Nelson, \$18; Geo. Larson, \$32; Gust. Rosaland, \$141.50; E. Kern, \$22; C. O. Nelson, \$38.

Following are the recommendations which have been made by the provincial government for the relief of stock in the drought affected areas of the prov-

ince:  
All haying outfits to be shipped free. Any farmer or rancher having 99 load or less may have up to seven ars shipped free, or may ship to the feeding grounds two carloads of cattle; over that amount they are to pay regular rates.

The government recommends that the cost be borne equally by the Dominion government, provincial government and railways.

## CHINOOK MARKETS

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Wheat, No. 1             | \$2 00 |
| " No. 2                  | 1 97   |
| " No. 3                  | 1 92   |
| Oats, No. 2, Canada West | 70     |
| Oats, feed               | 67     |
| Barley                   | 1.00   |
| Flax                     | -      |
| Corn                     | -      |
| Live Hogs (Calgary)      | 60 00  |
| Eggs                     | 30     |
| Butter                   | 35     |

## \$10.00 Reward

For information leading to the recovery of a Red and White Cow, 1200 lbs, scar on ribs.  
Notify BUTCHER,  
Cereal, Alta.

## MONEY TO LOAN

Osler, Hammond and Nanton,

general agents for

North of Scotland and other

Mortgage Companies

have \$30,000,000 invested in farm

loans in the West, the returns from

which they re-invest in the same way

They have lots of money now. Their

Inspector, Mr. Stickney, who was in

the district a few days ago, says

"They have barrels of money, and

that no good loan will be refused"

Let them renew the loan you have

on your homestead, and give you

more on your pre-emption, give

you money to prove it up if you wish

Or let them give you a new loan, as

large, and probably larger, than you

can get elsewhere. The district needs

all the money we can get hold of in

this way. Pay up your indebtedness

to the bank, to the municipality, to

the school, and to others. We can

furnish the money. Loans for five

years, repayable in three years, with-

out extra charge. Interest at 8 per

cent,—nothing but the interest to pay

each year.

LORNE-PROUDFOOT,

Agent, Chinook

## Chinook Agricultural Society

Seventh annual

## EXHIBITION

will be held

## AT CHINOOK

Thursday and Friday

August 7th and 8th

Write to Secretary for Prize List

Also at Post Office and Advance Office

Mr Richard Stewart will give \$15 as a special prize for the best 1919  
colt, the progeny of King Milmain

## OMITTED FROM PRIZE LIST.

|                       | PURE BRED ITALIANS | PERCHERONS |      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------|------|
| 1 3 years old or over | 20.00              | 10.00      | 5.00 |
| 2 2 years old         | 8.00               | 5.00       | 3.00 |
| 3 1 year old          | 5.00               | 3.00       | 2.00 |
| 1 3 years old or over | 20.00              | 10.00      | 5.00 |
| 2 2 years old         | 8.00               | 5.00       | 3.00 |
| 3 1 year old          | 5.00               | 3.00       | 2.00 |
| 1 3 years old or over | 20.00              | 10.00      | 5.00 |
| 2 2 years old         | 8.00               | 5.00       | 3.00 |
| 3 1 year old          | 5.00               | 3.00       | 2.00 |

## Summer Tourist Fares

## CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

### Pacific Coast

FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP

TICKETS

to

Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle,  
Tacoma, Portland, San  
Francisco.

Los Angeles, San Diego

NOW ON SALE

and up to Sept. 30. Return  
Limit Oct 31, 1919

See Jasper and Mt. Robson  
Parks

### Eastern Canada

ALL RAIL AND LAKE AND

RAIL

to

Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa,  
Montreal, Quebec, Halifax and  
other Eastern Canada Points

SIX DAYS A WEEK SERVICE

Enquire about choice  
of routes.

Standard Equipment

On your trip East have your travel plans include a few days at Minaki Summer Resort—  
115 miles East of Winnipeg

For full information as to stop-overs, train service, fares from this district, apply local agent, or write

OSKIRNE SCOTT, G.P.A.

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Saskatoon, Sask.

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## CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

A National Line Under National Management

## Walter M. Crockett & Company

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections

Chinook, Alta.

## L. E. Ormond, B.A., LL.B.

Graduate of University of St. Francis  
Xavier's College and Dalhousie  
Law School,

Barrister, - Solicitor, -

Notary Public

Advice re Land Settlement, etc., free  
to returned soldiers

CHINOOK, - ALTA.

## DR. R. R. PAUL

Post Graduate of New York

Hospitals.

Recently returning from base hospital  
in the present-war in the  
Mediterranean war zone.

Office: Next to Hotel, North.  
Residence: Acadia Hotel, Room 3  
CHINOOK

## DR. J. H. EGBERT

Temporary Office:

Nights—Room 14, Acadia Hotel  
Daytime—Wylie's Drug Store

CHINOOK

Notice later as to location of  
permanent office

## MATERNITY HOSPITAL

Where patients will be cared for,  
within call of the doctor. For information,  
call or write

Mrs. MITCHELL,  
Chinook, Alta.

## Dr. Ray F. Denholm

Graduate of Chicago

College of

DENTAL SURGERY

YOUNGSTOWN

Office: 2nd floor Bank of Toronto.  
Special appointments for out-of-  
town patients

Will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook  
every Thursday, from 9:30 a.m.

## CREAM WANTED!

Highest Prices Paid.

Weekly returns

For real satisfaction ship your  
cream to

## The Hanna Creamery

HANNA, ALBERTA.

## FARM LANDS

GO TO

## C. W. RIDEOUT

If you want to Sell or Buy a  
Farm

## M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

## GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended  
to

Office: Opp. Crown Lumber  
yard

## Wm. E. Briggs

Auctioneer, Seadala

Is prepared to handle sales  
anywhere in Alberta

Dates can be arranged at this  
office



Chinook Lodge, No. 113, meets  
Monday, at 8 p.m. in Arm's hall,  
Chinook. Visiting members are cordially  
invited.

N. Kerry, N.G. F. Boyer, R.S.

## KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

CHINOOK LODGE, No. 40, meets  
on the First and Third Thursdays  
of every month in their Castle Hall,  
Arm's Block, Chinook.

Visiting members are cordially  
invited to attend.

E. R. Dell, C.C.

C. E. Neff, K.R. & S.



## Use For The Schoolhouse

Schools Belong to the Community and Were Built for Use

In a certain farm community in eastern Kansas recently the alfalfa was not growing right. The crop in that neighborhood was sick and a doctor was needed. A progressive farmer sent in a call for a doctor—namely, the county agent. Then he hunted up the school director who had the key to the district school and telephoned round to all the neighbors that on Wednesday night next there would be an alfalfa meeting at the schoolhouse.

When the county agent arrived he found every seat filled and almost every square foot of standing room occupied by a farmer. The agent talked for forty-five minutes and then questions were fired at him for an hour and forty-five minutes.

But this editorial is not about alfalfa or county agents. It is about country schools in the summer time. For one school that is made use of there are two or maybe a dozen that are not used at all. Now these schools belong to the community, not to some crusty old fog of a director. They were built for use.

During the war times, with Liberty loans and Red Cross drives and seed corn campaigns, the country schools were used more than ever before. Many a countryside learned for the first time how convenient it was to gather there instead of going five or ten miles to town to attend a meeting. So how about planning for more cross-road school meetings this summer? Take the wife and the boys and girls along. Mix in some good social times for young and old, along with alfalfa meetings and such.

Then old Bill Smith will stop grumbling at the high school taxes, maybe. And perchance the weeds will be kept moved and the pump in working order so that a thirsty traveler passing along that way can get a drink when he stops. From the Country Gentleman.

## Britain's Huge Army

Still Has Many Troops in Field in Different Sections

London.—Reuter's learns in regard to British forces overseas that the army on the Rhine numbers 206,000, and the army in France and Flanders 214,000, the latter mainly for salvage work, also to supply the line of communication for the Rhine army, of which it is to act as reserve in the event of further hostilities.

There are 11,000 British troops in Italy, including troops for clearing up purposes, and also a battalion forming part of the international garrison of Fiume.

There are in India 44,000 British troops, besides Indian troops, also including 22,000 in the Caucasus with the object of keeping order pending the establishment of peace conditions. The recent troubles in Egypt and the unsettledness in Asia Minor necessitate the presence of 96,000 men, including 10,000 Anzacs in Egypt and Palestine.

## Alberta Wool Brings High Prices

As was anticipated, farmers are receiving very satisfactory prices for their wool this season. During the last week in June three cars forwarded by the Southern Alberta Wool Growers' Association were sold in the East, the contents of two of them bringing an average price of 66 cents a pound and the other 62 cents a pound. The latter price is about two cents higher than was obtained last year.

## To Preserve His Letters

As many of the letters written from the trenches by loved ones now no more were in pencil, the following method of preserving the legibility of pencil writing is valuable. Steam the letter until quite limp, then brush over with a solution composed of equal parts of milk and water. Hang it up until nearly dry. Then press it between two sheets of blotting paper with a hot iron.

## Mexicans Steal from Scots

Washington.—Confiscation by the Mexican government of the property of the Scottish-Mexican Oil Company, a British company with several U.S. stockholders, the first actual confiscation under the Carranza decrees, which have been the subject of protests from Great Britain, Holland, France and the U.S., was reported to the state department.

## Securities Forfeited

London, Eng.—Securities valued at £400,000 belonging to former King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, which have been in London since the beginning of the war, were declared forfeited to the Crown. The forfeiture was made after proceedings before a commissioner and a jury.

## British Admiralty Blameless

Another Proof of German Disregard of Agreements and Obligations

Whatever inclination was at first exhibited to blame the British Admiralty for laxity in permitting the scuttling of the German warships in Scapa Flow has been dispelled by the statement issued from the British Admiralty at Washington. The armistice terms provided for the internment, not the surrender of the ships, and this decision was made by the heads of the allied governments. Moreover, the original intention was to intern the ships in neutral harbors, but, in view of the difficulties in carrying out that course the allied naval council ultimately agreed that Scapa Flow should be used and that the commander-in-chief of the British Grand Fleet should be entrusted with the duty of taking the necessary measures. This decision was reached against the recommendation of the naval adviser of the British Admiralty that the ships should be surrendered.

His recommendation was overruled by the council, probably, though this is not stated, to leave free the ultimate disposal of the German vessels. "In these circumstances the Admiralty acted strictly in accordance with the terms of the armistice, taking measures in all respects similar" to those that would have been put in force in a neutral port. To place armed guards on the German ships was not considered admissible, and it is pointed out that even had this been done, it would have provided no guarantee against their sinking. The German crews, with their expert knowledge of the complex valve machinery, would have found it a comparatively easy matter to open the valves without detection, and once opened, the end was inevitable. The ships, in accordance with the status of internment, remained German property, with German personnel in charge of their upkeep, and facilities of intercommunication could not be denied the German admirals. Von Reuter, who has admitted giving orders that they should be sunk. The incident is only another proof of the German disregard of agreements and obligations, although in this instance it would appear that the Ebert government had no knowledge of Von Reuter's intention or of the actual sinking.

## Saskatchewan Wool Crop

Nearly a Million Pounds Will Be Shipped From Province This Year

This year nearly a million pounds of wool will be shipped from Saskatchewan as against somewhat over seven hundred thousand pounds last year. Preliminary receipts at the co-operative branch of the Department of Agriculture through which branch a large part of the wool of the farmers of Saskatchewan is sold, indicate that about five hundred thousand pounds of wool will be handled by this branch during the next few weeks. This is an increase of 100,000 pounds over last year's total. The rest of Saskatchewan's wool output is handled by the Southern Saskatchewan Wool Growers' Association, whose headquarters are at Maple Creek. As the flocks in the territory served by this association have had a fair increase since last clipping, there will be a corresponding increase in the quantity of wool handled.

## Improving Saskatchewan Herds

Saskatchewan farmers are out to improve their herds whenever possible, and the question of initial expense does not stand in their way when good animals are to be had. This truth was again illustrated a few days ago when E. E. Bellamy, a farmer of Stranraer, Saskatchewan, brought home a number of Hereford cattle which he had purchased at the sale of the famous McCray herd at Kentland, Indiana, where the stock was disposed of at an average price of \$5,000 a head. Among Mr. Bellamy's purchases were a fine yearling bull, for which he paid \$7,000, a cow which cost him \$3,500, and two heifers purchased for \$2,000 apiece.

## The Monocle

The monocle, or single eye-glass, associated in the minds of the world with a rather affected type of Englishman, was introduced at the Congress of Vienna. A Dutch exquisite, Jonkheer Breckle, appeared before the assembled diplomats with a glass in one eye.

The fad spread to all parts of Europe, but took its deepest hold in England. With some men we must in fairness admit that it is not merely a fad, for in their case only one eye needs a glass.

Jones: With a wife and ten children I'm saving three thousand a year on my income tax alone, but I can save on nothing else with my salary only fifteen a week.

## McKim's Newspaper Directory For 1919

Shows Many Changes in the Publishing Field During Past Year

The Canadian Newspaper Directory for 1919, just issued by the publishers, A. McKim, Limited, Advertising Agency, 404-406, Toronto, Winnipeg and London, England, indicates great activity in the publishing field during the past year.

While the number of daily papers published in 1918 diminishes from 135 to 126, due mainly to the effect of the high cost of newsprint, the total number of Canadian publications increased from 1,490 to 1,552. Fifty-five new weeklies have arisen during the past year.

Whoever examines the pages of the McKim Directory with the care it deserves cannot fail to be impressed with the great labor involved in planning so many thousands of items of information. Not only is the entire field of Canadian publications covered, but the directory is a complete gazetteer of every town and city in Canada and Newfoundland where a publication is issued. One may turn to it for information as to population, county seats, railways and waterways, telegraph, express and banking facilities.

## Warning To Britain

Marshal Foch Urges Britain to Be Prepared for Future Trouble

London.—"The next time England will be in the same position as the last time—she will not be ready and we will have to wait for her," is a statement made by Marshal Foch, of France, to a correspondent of the Daily Mail, which prints an interview with the commander-in-chief of the allied armies.

Marshal Foch, in the course of the interview, however, pays highest tribute to the British army, saying: "The military history of the world contains no parallel to the production of such an army in such a way. In every respect, the British army has been superb."

The Marshal insists that Great Britain should maintain large reserves of military material, saying: "That is one of the obvious and indispensable precautions to be taken."

"Look at the out-of-date equipment with which we started this war," the Marshal is quoted as saying. "The next war will be more than ever one of machinery. You should have laboratories with inventors always at work keeping abreast of the mechanical side of war."

## To Remember Martyrs

Belgians to Hold Ceremony Where Huns Slaughtered Dinant Citizens

Brussels.—Plans are in preparation at Dinant to commemorate fittingly the anniversary of the shooting of six hundred inhabitants of Dinant by the Germans on August 23, 1914. Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Malines, will conduct the religious ceremonies.

The oration of the day will be delivered by Paul Deschamps, president of the French chamber of deputies. Flowers will be placed at the foot of the wall in front of which the victims of the Germans fell.

## Barn Fires

During the past two hay seasons many fires have occurred in barns, and these have been traced directly to the storing of hay in the barns before it has been thoroughly dried. The moisture in the hay has caused a fermentation and heating which has resulted in spontaneous combustion, and the loss of the hay crop and the buildings.

Hay should be properly cured before being stored. It may take a little longer and may sometimes be done the risk of unfavorable weather, but it is much better to be sure than sorry.

## Liquor Control in Scotland

London, Eng.—The Greenock branch of the International Police and Prison Wardens' Union have resolved: That the condition of our work and the danger to the law have been so much easier by the restrictions put on the hours and on the sale of intoxicating liquor by the Liquor Council Board, and in view of the benefits to the community, and especially to the children, as shown by the facts related in the annual report of the chief constable, and as disclosed to us in the discharge of our duties, we resolve respectfully to urge that the restrictions be continued until the elections of Scotland have had the opportunity of voting on the disposal of licenses in 1920.

W. N. U. 1274

## Money To Be Made In Alfalfa

Large Offer for Alfalfa Crop Is Refused

The report comes from Coaldale (Alberta), from authentic sources, that a farmer in that district who has a fine stand of alfalfa on a 160-acre field has been offered \$55 an acre for the year's crop. This fabulous offer is all the more remarkable when it is considered that the offer is for the standing crop. The owner would not touch it.

And what is still more remarkable is that he turned the offer down cold. It may not be so remarkable, either, when one considers that the first crop will cut two tons of cured alfalfa to the acre, and there is a good outlook for three crops this year. Alfalfa last winter sold at \$28 to \$32 baled. This coming winter there is every likelihood that it will go to \$40 and even higher. Baled alfalfa in Los Angeles is selling at \$60 a ton at the present time—Lethbridge Herald.

## May Lift Embargo

British Government Is to Soon Remove Canadian Livestock Ban

London.—The long-drawn-out Canadian fight for the removal of the British embargo on Canadian store cattle seems to be drawing to a successful close. Dr. Robertson, chief of the Canadian agricultural research department, bearded the lion in his den; that is to say, he faced the agricultural committee of the Commons, numbering something like 100 members, representing all parts of agricultural England, Scotland, Wales, but not Ireland, whose influence in parliament and with ministers has been the greatest obstacle to the realization of Canada's repeated desires as expressed by successive Canadian governments for the past 30 years.

It was revealed during the proceedings that the imperial war cabinet, at Premier Borden's instigation, had reconsidered one question in April, 1917, and decided that the Canadian cattle would be again admitted at the end of the war. Lord Ezzie, then as now, president of the board of agriculture, was favorable to this compromise, as also was Walter Long, another member of the present cabinet, who was minister of agriculture long ago.

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## Future Of The Dirigible

No Question of Ability of Either Type of Airship

Commander Reid strikes the bullet with the first arrow. Says he: "There was no question of the ability of either type of airship—the heavier or the lighter than air—to cross the ocean. The important thing is to test their value as commercial agents. In the case of the R-34 a matter of being a day or two late in arriving is of no importance. The fact is that we ought to do just what he did do. In my flight, a lateness of a couple of hours would have been fatal. That's the difference." And he declares: "I believe we do not quite appreciate how remarkable or how important this splendid trip made by the British dirigible is. I'm a firm believer in the immediate future of the dirigible's commercial possibilities."—From the New York Sun.

## Soldier Settlers in Alberta

Edmonton, Alta.—In the number of soldiers taking up farming through the efforts of the Soldier Settlement Board, Alberta leads all other provinces of the Dominion. Total applications made in Alberta for loans up to July 1 were over 4,000, exceeding by nearly 1,000 those made in any other province. The total number of loans already approved is 1,122, more than 100 more than any other province east or west. During the first two weeks in June, over \$2,000,000 was loaned to soldier settlers, while the total loans since the establishment of the board in Canada now have reached the huge sum of \$14,500,000.

## Plot in Finland Discovered

Stockholm, Sweden.—The Finnish police have discovered a plot to explode large stocks of ammunition at Helsinki and Viborg and murder General Mannheim by blowing up his residence. Several ringleaders have been arrested and the police have also seized numerous maps and reports from spies which were destined to be sent to Russia to facilitate the attack on Finland.

Mrs. Gilder: Yes, I had an awful fright the other night. I heard a noise and got up, and there from under my bed I saw a man's feet sticking out.

Visitor: Mercy! The burglar's feet?

Mrs. Gilder: No, my dear, my husband's feet. He had heard the noise before I did.

## General Crop Prospects

Outlook for Less Than Half a Crop in Parts of the West

Reports received from the branch banks of the Canadian Bank of Commerce from every part of the Prairie Provinces by the western superintendent of the bank indicate that—assuming average weather conditions between now and harvest—the following per acre yield might be expected this season as compared with the average yields of previous years.

Wheat: Manitoba, 116 per cent.; Saskatchewan, 78 per cent.; Alberta, 61 per cent. Oats: Manitoba, 105 per cent.; Saskatchewan, 74 per cent.; Alberta, 66 per cent. Barley: Manitoba, 105 per cent.; Saskatchewan, 72 per cent.; Alberta, 67 per cent.

The extreme eastern portion of Saskatchewan has shared Manitoba's good fortune in rainfall, but over most of the remaining portion of that province the outlook is for half an average crop or less.

In the western half of Alberta, north of the main line of the C.P.R., prospects are satisfactory, but in the eastern half of this portion the outlook is for only slightly better than half a crop. Over nearly the whole province south of the main line the C.P.R. less than half a crop is now looked for.

The ten-year average yield per acre in Alberta of wheat is about twenty bushels; oats, 46; barley, 33; in Saskatchewan, wheat, 18; oats, 38; barley, 27; and in Manitoba, wheat, 18; oats, 37, and barley, 27 bushels.

## When Is a Woman Old

Love and Contentment Is What Keeps Us Young

"When is a woman old?" Madame Clara Butt was asked, and the noted singer said in reply: "Woman's day has arrived, and if she will only dress properly—and much depends on this—and make the most of present opportunities for her independence, I am sure we shall have younger-looking women, and the term old maid will die away."

"Love and contentment keep us young." What woman is too old for love? Whether it is the love of husband, client or friend, no woman with true love in her heart is ever old. Youth has no age. I often find it in the heart of one who is very old in years as we count them, and some of the oldest people I have met are the "young misses" from school of, say, from fourteen to sixteen; but they will give out of this. So you see I cannot help you with regard to fixing the age at which a woman may be considered old."

Another professional woman says: "When a woman is happy she is never old, but when she is unhappy she is as old as the hills."

And another opinion is: "A woman is as old when she begins to try to find out the age of every other woman she meets. A woman is old when she begins to cease caring how she looks when there's a man about. A woman becomes old, whatever her age, when her tongue becomes bitter. A hard-hearted woman is always old."

## Advantages Of Irrigation

Crop Failures Are Rare and Usually Due to Halitosis or Unusual Atmospheric Disturbances

There are many reasons why irrigation farming should become and remain very attractive, says John A. Wilder, A.M., Ph.D., in his book "Principles of Irrigation Practice." Under irrigation crop yields may be depended on from year to year. Crop failures are very rare and are usually due to halitosis or some unusual atmospheric disturbances. The possibility of varying the quantity of water applied to the land give the farmer a control over the yield and quantity of the crop that does much to vitalize the routine of the work and make the harvest more profitable. The soil and climatic conditions prevailing over most of the territory demanding irrigation are of a kind to make life enjoyable.

## Compulsory Work Law for Germans

Berlin.—Allied representatives have told the German delegates at Versailles, it is reported here in government circles, that Germany must be prepared to introduce measures for compulsory work, if necessary. This, it was said, was intended as a means of bringing about prompt execution of the reparation with northern France, utilizing troops and a half million civilian laborers.

## Whale Fat in Margarine

Whale fat is being used in the manufacture of margarine in Norway and Denmark. The product is said to keep out taint. Whale fat is even better suited for making lard. It is said that experiments are in progress in the United States to determine the possibility of making fish oil suitable for use in the human diet.

## Victory Day In Paris

President Poincare Expresses Thanks of France to Allies

Paris.—Weary, but still bent upon continuing its festivities until the last ounce of celebratory energy has been spent, Paris kept up its victory day celebration well into the small hours of the morning. Each of the traditional attractions of the 14th of July, the illuminations, the fireworks, the free performances in the national theatres, the street dancing, found its particular crowd.

The climax of the night's proceedings, however, was the appearance of the "Girandole," especially brought from Florence, where it was made, for the occasion. It consisted of a series of connected panels brilliantly illuminated by 25,000 lamps and adorned with the portraits of the allied rulers and celebrities, together with inscriptions recalling the principal events of the war. The whole contrivance was more than 3,000 feet long. Eight hundred soldiers dragged the immense machine through the principal streets on both sides of the Seine, its progress being accompanied by the strains of military band music and its appearance everywhere being welcomed with immense delight by the people. The largest crowds were in the Champs Elysees, where the illuminations were particularly beautiful in their effect, a notable feature of the lighting being the rays which lamps upon the Arc de Triomphe sent dashing down the magnificent avenue. Thousands, too, gathered around and admired the cinematograph and the boulevard.

A real carnival spirit was in evidence among the people and conflict battles were numerous, notwithstanding the ban that had been put upon them by the prefect. As a sequel to the victory day celebration, President Poincare wrote to Premier Clemenceau asking him in the name of the country to "convey to the French armies on this divine moment the passionate admiration and gratitude of the republic."

The Premier sent congratulations to Marshal Petain and the allied commanders, through Marshal Foch, the allied commander-in-chief. The Premier concluded his letter to Marshal Petain by the reminder that from the victory of war there remains the victory of peace to be achieved.

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## Import Regulations

Regulations Governing Importation of Cattle from United States

The Dominion department of agriculture has found it necessary to amend the regulations governing the importation of cattle from the United States for exhibition purposes.

After July 22, it will be necessary for all American cattle imported for this purpose to be accompanied by a tuberculin test chart signed by an officer of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry stating the cattle have been tested by him within 60 days of the date of entry at the boundary.

This amendment was considered advisable owing to the fact that changes have been made in the American regulations which now require that Canadian cattle shipped to the United States for exhibition purposes after July 1, be accompanied by a tuberculin test chart signed by a veterinary inspector of the Health of Animals Branch of the department of agriculture, stating that they have been tested within sixty days of exportation.

Live stock exhibitors should bear this in mind, and forward request to the Veterinary Director-General, Ottawa, for the services of inspectors to test their cattle as promptly as possible after they have decided to ship them for exhibition purposes.

## More New Creameries

Saskatchewan's butter output continues to increase. While no exact figures are available, reports received at the dairy branch of the Department of Agriculture show that considerably more butter has been produced this season than in the corresponding period of last year. Indications are that the increased production will be maintained throughout the summer and winter months. Five new creameries in various parts of the province were established this spring, and the opening of more is contemplated at no very distant date.

## Canadian Cattle to Belgium

A dispatch at the beginning of this month from Brussels advises that a hundred head of Canadian cattle purchased by the Department du Ravitaillement have arrived at Antwerp. A second shipment, comprising 260 head, was being expected immediately, to be followed by a third, numbering five hundred head, early this month. These cattle are reported to have been shipped against an order for five thousand head from this country.



## Cures Constipation In A Sensible Way

They Work While You Sleep—  
Cost Only a Quarter—And  
Really Bring Lasting  
Results

It only takes one night to prove the wonder-working power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are the smoothest, easiest, acting laxative yet devised, the kind that a child or delicate woman can use with comfort.

You can cure constiveness quickly, surely and safely with Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Headaches you can banish for all time.

Impaired digestion you can promptly restore.

Loss of appetite is replaced by a keen desire to eat.

The blood is enriched and recalcified, in consequence you are given new strength and vital energy.

Folks who are half sick, sort of run down, lacking in spirits and energy, those who find a day's toil exhausts mind and body, those who feel people who can be restored by Hamilton's Pills to vigorous health that will outlast old age. Get a few 25 boxes of Hamilton's Pills today. Sold everywhere.

## THE COW PUNCHER

— BY —  
ROBERT J. C. STEAD

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(Continued.)

"Well, I'm not yet, except for a little splashing," she said, "and you are. Does anything occur to you?" Without reply he walked stolidly into the cold water, took her in his arms and carried her ashore. The lariat was soon repaired and the car hauled to the ranch buildings without further mishap.

Later in the day he said to her, "Can you ride?"

"Some," she answered. "I have ridden city horses, but don't know about these ranch animals. You know, a city horse has to do as he is told, but a ranch horse seems to do pretty much as he likes. But I would like to try—if I had a saddle."

"I have an extra saddle," he said. "But it's a man's. . . . They all ride that way here."

She made no answer, and the subject was dropped for the time. But the next morning she saw Dave ride away, leading a horse by his side. He did not return until evening, but when he came the idle horse carried a saddle.

"It's a strap-legger," he said when he drew up beside Irene, "but it's a girl's. I couldn't find anything else in the whole district."

"I'm sure it will do—splendidly—if I can just stick on," she replied. But another problem was already in her mind. It apparently had not occurred to Dave that women require special clothing for riding, especially if it's a "strap-legger." She opened her lips to mention this, then closed them again. He had been to enough trouble on her account. He had already spent a whole day scouring the country for a saddle. . . . She would manage some way.

Late that night she was busy with scissors and needle.

### CHAPTER THREE

Dr. Hardy recovered from his injuries as rapidly as could be expected, and while he chafed somewhat over spending his holidays under such circumstances, the time passed not unhappily. Had he sought the world over for a haven from the intrusion of business or professional cares he could have found it nowhere in greater perfection than in the foothill country centering about the Elden ranch. Here was an Arcadia where one might well return to the simple life; a little bay of still water sheltered from the onrushing tide of affairs by the warm brown prairies and the white-bosomed mountains towering through their draperies of blue-purple mist. It was life as far removed from his accustomed circles as if he had been suddenly spirited to a different planet. It was life without the contact of life, without the crowd and jostle and haste and gaiety and despair that are called life, but the doctor wondered if after all it did not come nearer to filling the measure of experience—which is life.

A considerable acquaintanceship

had sprung up between him and the senior Elden. The rancher had come from the east first, years before, but in turning over their memories the two men found many links of association; third persons known to them both; places, even streets and houses common to their feet in early manhood; events of local history which each could recall, although from different angles. And Elden's life in the west had been a treasury of experience, in which he now dipped for the first time in years, regarding his guest with tales of the open range long before barbed wire had stuck its poisoned fang into the heart of the ranchman; tales of horse stealing and cattle rustling, with glimpses of sudden justice unrecorded in the official documents of the territory; of whiskey-running and excess and all those long adventures that drink the red blood of the wilderness. In his grizzled head and stooping frame he carried more experiences than would fill a dozen well-rounded city lives, and he had the story-teller's art which seems to spill dramatic effect by a too strict adherence to fact. But over one phase of his life he kept the curtain resolutely down. No ray of conversation would he admit into the more personal affairs of his heart, or of the woman who had been his wife, and even when the talk turned on the boy he quickly withdrew it to another topic, as though the subject were dangerous or distasteful. But once, after a long silence following such a diversion, he betrayed himself into a whispered remark, an outburst of feeling rather than a communication. "I've been alone so much," he said. "It seems I have never been anything but alone. And—sooner or later—it gets you—it gets you."

"You have the boy," ventured the doctor.

"No," he answered, almost fiercely. "That would be different. I could stand it then. But I haven't got him, and I can't get him. He despises me because—I take too much at times." He paused as though wondering whether to proceed with this unwelcome confidence, but the ache in his heart insisted on its right to human sympathy. "No, it ain't that," he continued. "He despises me because he thinks I wasn't fair to his mother. He can't understand. He doesn't know yet that there's things that—pulls and tugs of life, that lead a man as helpless as a steer chokin' in his lasso. I was like that. I wanted to be good to her, to be close to her. Then I took to booze, as natural as a star under the broad'n' road runs to drown his hurt. But the boy don't understand." The old man got up and stood at the western window, watching the gold of approaching sunset gather on the mountains. "He despises me," Then, after a long silence, "No matter. I despise myself."

The doctor approached and placed a hand on his shoulder. "Elden, I was myself again. The curtains of his life, which he had drawn apart for a moment, he whipped together again rudely, almost viciously, and covered his confusion by plunging into a tale of how he had led a breed suspected of cattle rustling on a little center of ten miles with a rope about his neck and the other end tied to the saddle. "He ran well," said the old man, chuckling still at the reminiscence. "And it was lucky he did. It was a strong rope."

The morning after Dave had brought in the borrowed saddle Irene appeared in a sort of bloomers suit, somewhat wonderfully contrived from the spare shirt to which allusion has been made, and announced a willingness to risk life and limb on any horse that Dave might select for that purpose. He provided her with a dependable mount, and their first journey, taken somewhat gingerly along the principal trail, was accomplished without incident. It was the forerunner of many others, plunging deeper and deeper into the fastnesses of the foothills, and even into the passes of the very mountains themselves. These long rides through life almost untraveled wilderness, frequently along paths on which the element of danger was by no means removed, the girl's sense of distance and direction were totally confused, and before her many sidights on the remarkable nature of her escort. His patience was infinite, and although there were no silk trappings to his courtesy, it was a very genuine and manly deference he paid her. She was quite sure that he would at any moment give his life if needed to defend her from injury—and accept the transaction as a matter of course. His physical endurance was inexhaustible, and his knowledge of prairie and foothill seemed to her almost uncanny. When she had been utterly lost for hours and was suddenly finding their horses' heads about and guide them home with the accuracy of the wild goose on its flights to the nesting grounds. He read every sign of footprint, leaf, water and sky with

## LISTEN TO THIS! SAYS CORNS LIFT RIGHT OUT NOW

You reckless men and women who are pestered with corns, and who have at least once a week invited an awful death from lockjaw or blood poison are now told by a Cincinnati authority to use a drug called freezezone, which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn, the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn and all lifts out with the fingers.

It is a sticky ether compound which dries the moment it is applied and simply shrivels the corn without irritating or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of freezezone will cost very little at any of the drug stores, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You are further warned that cataguing at a corn is a suicidal habit.

an failing insight. He had no knowledge of books, and she had at first thought him ignorant, but as the days went by she had found in him a mine of wisdom which shamed her ready-made education.

After such a ride they one day dismounted in a grassy opening among the trees that bordered a mountain canyon. The waters of ages had chiseled a sharp passage through the rock, and the green stream now swirled in its rapid course a hundred feet below. Fragments of rock, loosened by the sun and wind and frost of centuries, had fallen from time to time, leaving sheltered nooks and shelves in the walls of the canyon. In one of these crevices they found a flat stone that gave comfortable seating, and here they rested while the horses browsed their afternoon meal.

Little irregular bits of stone had broken off the parent rock, and for a while they amused themselves with tossing these into the water. But both were conscious of a gradually increasing tension in the atmosphere. For days the boy had been moody. It was evident he was harboring something that was all through his nature, for expression, and Irene knew that this afternoon he would talk of more than trees and rocks and footprints of the wild things of the forest.

"Your father is gettin' along well," he said at length.

"Yes," she answered. "He has had a good holiday, even with his broken leg. He is looking over so much better."

"You will be goin' away before long," he continued.

"Yes," she answered, soberly, and waited.

"Things about here ain't goin' to be the same after you're gone," he went on. "He was avoiding her eyes and industriously throwing bits of crumbled rock into the canyon. He wore no coat, and the neck of his shirt was open, for the day was warm. He had caught her side-long glances even his slow, self-deprecating mind must have read their admiration. But he kept his eyes fixed on the green water.

"You see," he said, "before you came it was different. I didn't know what I was missin', an' so it didn't matter. Not but what I was dog-sick of it at times, but still I thought I was livin'—thought this was life, and, of course, now I know it ain't. At least, it won't be after you're gone."

"That's strange," she said, not in direct answer to his remark, but as a soliloquy on it as she turned it over in her mind. "This life, now, seems empty to you. All my old life seems empty to me. This seems to me the real life, out here in the foothills, with the trees, and the mountains, and—and our horses, you know."

(To Be Continued.)

### Up to Her

The young thing waited into the photographer's and was taken up to the studio.

"I want my photo taken," she whispered. "You'll make me pretty, won't you?"

The photographer grinned.

"You'll see that it's a good likeness, won't you?" urged the girl.

"Well, madam," said the man, "it's for you to decide which it shall be."

The photographer grinned.

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The photographer grinned.

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## Postal Workers Protest Dismissal

Deny Their Strike at Winnipeg Due to Sympathy With Soviet Ideas

Winnipeg—Representatives of the Postal Workers' Union appeared before the Robson commission and made a statement protesting against the discrimination shown by the government in not reinstating the workers who had been on strike, and also putting on the record of the commission an emphatic denial that the postal workers, in declaring for the sympathetic strike, did so to support a movement for a soviet form of government in this city, or for any reactionary principles of an unconstitutional nature.

The statement was made by J. A. Elrick, general secretary of the Postal Workers' Union, who was supported by J. B. Johnson, one of the delegates who went to Ottawa, and W. J. Boyd, a member of the executive of the union.

Ernest Robinson, secretary of the Trades and Labor Council of Winnipeg, also appeared before the commission and made a statement in which he condemned the discrimination being shown by employers in Winnipeg—including the city of Winnipeg—against men who had held official positions in the unions before the strike, and who had been strikers.

The witnesses were cross-examined by C. B. Wilson, K.C., who is assisting Commissioner Robson in taking evidence. None of them, however, were placed under oath.

## The Hero Of Delhi

Veteran Soldier Who Earned Lasting Remembrance Died Recently

Today the Indian mutiny appears so distant as almost to be ancient history. Many of its episodes, however, rank among the more glorious achievements of the British army, and one of them was recalled the other day by the announcement of the death of a man who had held official positions in the unions before the strike, and who had been strikers.

The man was a veteran soldier who earned lasting remembrance as one of the survivors of the gallant forlorn hope that blew up the Cashmere Gate of Delhi. That city, since the great rebellion of 1911, held by the present King, the capital of India, was the stronghold of the mutineers, and its recapture became the key to the situation. Invested in June, 1857, by a small British force, whose numbers were later increased by reinforcements dispatched from the Punjab, which had been pacified and rendered friendly by the efforts of its wise administrator, John, afterwards Lord Lawrence, the city held out till September 13, 1857.

The fall was mainly due to the forlorn hope, composed of Lieutenants Home and Salkeld, Sergeants Smith and Carmichael, Corporal Burgess, Bugler Hawthorne and eight Sikhs.

Delhi was strongly fortified by an immense wall, protected by a deep ditch, divided by causeways providing access to the gates. The causeways had been ruined and the walls themselves proved almost impregnable. In these circumstances the desperate resolution was taken to blow up the Cashmere gate. Each of the twenty-five party carried a bag with twenty-five pounds of gunpowder, and the ruined causeway was crossed under heavy fire. Piling their bags against the gate, Lieutenant Salkeld was shot through the arm and leg while lighting the fuse. His place was taken by Burgess, who was shot dead. Carmichael sprang to the bags, also to fall mortally wounded. Smith then ran forward, but observing that the fuse had been lit, he had just time to spring into the ditch when the charge exploded with a tremendous crash and the massive gate blew up.

Bugler Hawthorne then sounded the advance, and the storming party, after desperate fighting, succeeded in establishing a hold on the ramparts. It was a stirring deed that will ever be featured in the annals of the Indian Empire.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Decorations for Canadian Aviators

London—Canadian aviators decorated for services in Mesopotamia with the Belgian Croix de Guerre are: Lieuts. Roy Campbell, since killed, London, Ont.; Charles Albert Schuchman, missing since November, 1918, formerly a Canadian private; Richard Schroeder, formerly in the Canadian infantry, and Henry Cawling Wood, Toronto, who was severely wounded.

The Chevalier of the Royal Order of St. George has been awarded to Raymond Wilfred Kerr, Toronto, since killed.

"The man who gives in when he is wrong," said the street orator, "is a wise man; but he who gives in when he is right is—"

"Married!" said a meek voice in the crowd.

## Unusual State Of Art In Japan

Realizing More Than Half A Million Dollars in Gold

Tokio, Japan.—The greatest art sale of the year in Nippon took place recently in this city, when the treasures of Marquis Ikeda, the feudal lord of Inaba Province, were sold at the Tokio Fine Arts Club, realizing an enormous sum of 1,050,000 yen, which is more than half a million American dollars in gold. The sale consisted of 560 items, comprising paintings, lacquer and porcelain wares, armor and swords, and costumes, and masks of the "No" drama.

The most striking feature of this collection was the glory and splendor of color shown by a dozen suits of armor and helmets on one hand, and by over three hundred "No" costumes of rich brocade and exquisite embroidery on the other. One suggested countless tales of deeds of valor of the ancient heroes; the other showed the refined pastimes and accomplishments of Japanese warriors when not on battlefields, together with the life of feudal Nippon.

One suit of armor and helmet, with scarlet silk cords and black lacquer over leather, decorated with gold and carved metal work, fetched the large sum of 38,900 yen (about \$19,500). Another suit of armor and helmet, with purple silk cords, profusely decorated with chased copper, was sold for 12,000 yen.

The collection of "No" costumes of wonderful brocade and embroidery fetched an aggregate sum of 91,900 yen. Besides, there were nearly 800 "No" masks which realized about 40,000 yen. Some of these masks were excellent examples of Japanese wood carving, expressing sorrow, joy, anger—nearly every human mood.

It may be added here that "No" is a sort of opera, having been enjoyed for more than 500 years. While actors in theatres have long been looked down upon as of an inferior profession, "No" has always been held in national esteem, men of high ranks often participating in its performance.

Building Activity Maintained

Building permits to the value of nearly a million and a half dollars have been issued in Calgary this year as compared with somewhat over eight hundred thousand dollars worth in the corresponding period of last year. The value of the permits issued last month amounted to \$380,000. Other cities throughout Western Canada report similar activity. This is a good start, but it is evident that the great work of reconstruction is not yet under way. There are signs, however, of still greater activity at no very distant future.

There Is Only One  
Genuine Aspirin

Only Tablets Marked With "Bayer Cross" Are Aspirin

If You Don't See the "Bayer Cross" on the Tablets, Refuse Them—They Are Not Aspirin at All

Your druggist gladly will give you the genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" because genuine Aspirin now is made by Canadians and owned by a Canadian Company.

There is not a cent's worth of German interest in Aspirin, all rights being purchased from the U.S. Government.

During the war, acid initiations were sold as Aspirin in pill boxes and various other containers. But now you can get genuine Aspirin, plainly stamped with the safety "Bayer Cross"—Aspirin proved safe by millions for Headache, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

Aspirin is the trade mark, registered in Canada, of Bayer Manufacturing Company, of Solingen, Germany.

Has Ruined Both Rich and Poor

If communism in Hungary has succeeded in putting the working classes on top and the moneyed and intellectual classes underneath, it might not be without its appeal. But it has done none of those things. It has ruined the rich, of course, but it has ruined the poor along with them. The man who was poor finds himself poorer and with no hope of bettering himself.

To the youth in love whose salary is \$9 a week an ice cream sign looks like a nightmare.

Our ideal of a wise girl is one who can't sing and knows it.

W. N. U. 1274

## Had a Very Bad Attack OF Bowel Complaint

IT WAS CURED BY  
DR. FOWLER'S  
Extract Of Wild Strawberry

Any one suffering from bowel complaints such as diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps and pains in the stomach, summer complaint, etc., will find that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will give quicker and more permanent relief than any other remedy on the market today.

This old tried and proven medicine has been on the market for the past 74 years. You don't experiment when you buy it. Surely the test of time proves this.

Mrs. Daniel Hartwick, Mountain Grove, Ont., writes: "I used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and have found that it is a good remedy. When my little girl was 2½ years old she had a very bad attack of bowel complaint. Nothing prescribed by the doctor seemed to do her any good. She got worse, until we thought we would lose her. I got a bottle of Dr. Fowler's, and she soon found relief. Everyone who has children should not be without it in their home."

Price 35 cents a bottle; put only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"Khaki College"

Doing Valuable Work

System Adopted Is that of Free Tutorial Classes

Winnipeg, Man.—The "Khaki College" in connection with the University of Manitoba is doing valuable reconstruction work. At present there are 113 returned men taking the courses who would, in all probability, have thought it hopeless to go on with their education if it had been necessary to go back to high school or to resume at the university without this opportunity to gain time. The system adopted in the Khaki College is that of free tutorial classes.

Instead of drifting into occupations for the moment more lucrative, these returned men who left their studies to shoulder a rifle are being induced to resume their interrupted studies at a critical period in their lives, and are thus saved to the professions, preventing an incalculable loss to the province. Students can enter at any time, and are allowed to proceed to the next higher grade without the formality of an examination whenever the instructors deem them to be ready for promotion. The purpose of these tutorial courses is primarily to prepare the boys to re-enter the university regular classes next September, but it is thought that the Khaki College will carry on all winter.

It is a significant fact that the courses leading to a definite profession are better patronized than those leading to an arts degree. The courses leading toward engineering and law are most popular. One student is preparing himself for the diplomatic service.

Berlin People Urged  
To Show Restraint

And Not Allow Themselves to Be Incensed By Foreign Soldiers

London, Eng.—A German wireless message states that a reward of 10,000 marks has been offered for information leading to the arrest of the individual who killed a French soldier in Friedrichstrasse, and Berlin papers call upon the people to exercise restraint and not allow themselves to be incensed by provocative acts of foreign soldiers.

At the same time French soldiers are advised not to walk in Friedrichstrasse at night. The papers further state that no trouble has been caused by American and English soldiers, who show more restraint than the French.

Maintenance of War Alliance Urged

Paris.—The King of Italy has telegraphed to Raymond Poincaré, President of France, expressing Italy's earnest desire for the maintenance in peace time of the alliance between the common enemy which proved so effective in war. Mr. Poincaré replied, reciprocating his wish and stating that France would consider as sacrilege any attempt to relax after victory, the common bonds which united the two countries so closely during the war.

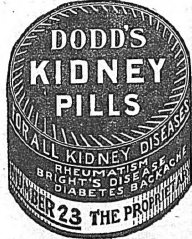
When the widow ceases to weep her weeds soon dry up.

CHILDREN NEED HELP

Spanking doesn't cure bed-wetting—the trouble is due to weakness of the internal organs. My successful home treatment will be found helpful. Send no money, but write me today. My treatment is never successful with adults, troubled with urinary difficulties.

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 42 Windsor, Ont.

MURINE  
Reds, Dandruffs, Sores,  
Itch—Keep Your Eyes  
Strong and Healthy. If  
they tire, Smart, Itch, or  
Burn, Use Murine. It  
Inflamed or Granulated,  
use Murine often. Safe for Infant or Adult.  
At All Druggists in Canada. Write for  
Eye Book. Murine Company, Chicago, U. S. A.







## Auto Top Dressing

A Special Dressing Adapted For Automobile Tops

This dressing is prepared from a combination of essential oils and gums, so blended as to impart a high gloss to the top that is soft and pliable, so that it may be folded up without danger of the finish cracking or chipping.

Once tried always used.

DOMESTIC SPECIALTY CO., Ltd.  
HAMILTON, CANADA



## WAGSTAFFE'S

Real Seville

Orange  
Marmalade

All Orange and Sugar—  
No camouflagé.

Bottled with care in Silver Pans.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

## Army Deserting Bela Kun

Straggling Back From Fronts With Lack of Discipline

Paris.—Dispatches from Budapest indicate that general demoralization has struck Bela Kun's army, which is straggling back from the different fronts with utter lack of discipline. The breakdown in the spirit of the troops is attributed to discontinuation of the fighting against the Czechs and the Rumanians in consequence of an armistice, and to the hasty increase of the well-drilled loyal army of 60,000 to more than 125,000 men.

For Sprains and Bruises.—There is nothing better for sprains and contusions than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It will reduce the swelling that follows a sprain, will cool the inflammation and draw the pain as if by magic. It will take the ache out of a bruise and prevent the flesh from discoloring. It seems as if there was magic in it, so speedily does the injury disappear under treatment.

## No War Of Revenge

Bernstorff Says That Huns Are Now Thoroughly Tamed

Berlin.—Count Von Bernstorff, speaking at a Democratic party meeting, said Germany must never forget that a world policy such as was engineered before the war has become impossible. "Whoever lives in Germany," he said, "knows that we neither want nor can we conduct a war of revenge."

Count Von Bernstorff asserted that while the League of Nations was regarded in Germany as a holy alliance aimed at Germany, and that without Germany, Austria and Russia it would be a mere fiasco, it will resume its real function when Germany enters it, of combining all the people's energies.

## CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS WITH TOMATO CHILI OR PLAIN SAUCE ARE A TREAT

THIS LEGEND ON THE TIN IS A GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE OF PURITY.



W. CLARK  
CHICAGO, ILL.  
MADE IN U.S.A.

## Germany Must Start Work Repairing France

Must Introduce Measures for Compulsory Work, if Necessary

Berlin.—Allied representatives have told the German delegates at Versailles, it is reported here in government circles, that Germany must be prepared to introduce measures for compulsory work, if necessary. This, it was said, was intended as a means of bringing about prompt execution of the reparation work in northern France, utilizing troops and a half million civilian laborers.

Officers here said the allied conferences on this subject were conducted in a friendly spirit. "These officials agreed that Germany has a problem in her labor troubles."

## Betting Still Under Prohibition

Ottawa.—No modification has yet been made of the order-in-council prohibiting race track betting, but representations have from time to time been made urging modification. Unless rescinded, the order-in-council will remain in force till peace is formally proclaimed. This will place ratification of the peace treaty.

The Man With Asthma almost longs for death to end his suffering. He sees ahead only years of endless torment with intervals of rest which are themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, and know what complete relief it can give. Let him but use it faithfully and he will find his asthma a thing of the past.

## Decree Issued On Rule In Tripoli

Giving to the Natives Equal Rights With Italians

Washington, District of Columbia.—The Italian government has promulgated a decree giving the natives of Tripoli equal rights with Italians, while maintaining the special rights and religious and social customs.

The decree also gives reasonable administrative autonomy, notably by means of a small local parliament, deliberative and elected, side by side with the governor and composed of citizens of all religions. This parliament has full powers with regard to local laws, direct taxation and administrative provisions.

A government council, presided over by the governor and made up of government officials, and members elected by the local parliament, expresses its opinion as to the choice of officials, which the governor appoints direct to the post of regional commissioner, delegate for a locality and district agent. Deliberative and elective councils help these officials in the administration of regions, localities and districts. The municipal authorities also comprise representatives of the population.

Members of all religions are to have a notable part in the administration of justice.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Quality of French Beer

A soldier was telling his friends of his experiences out in France, and among other things they discussed was the difference between the beers of the respective countries.

"Well," said the soldier at last, "my idea is that drinking one of those French beers is about like kissing your sister."

There is no telling what a day may bring forth. A man may be happy today and married tomorrow.

W. N. U. 1274

## British Building Gigantic Dirigible

One That Will Carry Equipment of Six Airplanes

Washington.—Word reached the air experts of the United States government that the British government has begun the construction of the largest dirigible that has yet been undertaken in the world, one that will carry an equipment of six airplanes providing recreation facilities. Realizing the necessity of providing citizens and especially children, with proper recreation facilities, the city of Winnipeg, Manitoba, plans to spend this year \$209,400 on these operations. Approximately \$19,511 will be spent for park purposes and probably \$1,500 will be set aside for band concerts in the parks.

In addition \$62,962 will be spent on baths, or \$17,000 more than last year. An appropriation of \$26,996 is planned for the playgrounds.

Winnipeg possesses some of the most beautiful parks to be found anywhere in a city of its size.

## Stated the Fact

Doctor: And has your husband any lucid intervals, Mrs. Smith? Mrs. Smith: 'E's 'd nothin' except what you ordered him, doctor.

## General Allenby Honored

London.—General H. E. Allenby, commander of the British forces in Palestine that took Jerusalem in 1917, is one of a large number of British officers awarded the United States Distinguished Service Medal, according to a list published in the official gazette.

When a girl thinks a young man is almost good enough for her, she is sure to think he is too good for any other girl.

## Italy May Lean On Germany

Will Look Upon Teutons as Their Staunchest Friends

New York.—There is a certain element of danger that the attitude of the allies will lead to such close relations between Germany and Italy that the latter country will come to look upon the Teutons as their staunchest friends, in the opinion of Thomas Nelson Page, who has just returned from Rome.

"I do not mean by this," Page said, "there there is a possibility of an alliance between the countries. I do not think there is. But Italy needs coal and raw materials of various sorts for her industries. Germany supplied a great part of them before the war and is making preparations to do it again. She will spend money developing Italian industries and will edge her way into favor."

## Increase Appropriation For Wounded

Washington.—Amended to provide \$14,000,000 instead of \$6,000,000 for the rehabilitation of wounded soldiers, sailors and marines, the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was vetoed by the President, was passed by the house and sent to the senate.

A speech made at a banquet is called a toast because of the dryness thereof.

## Cataract Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Cataract Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRHIC CURE cures the inflammation of the mucous surfaces of the system. Cataract Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. The inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be recovered for ever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRHIC CURE. All Druggists Sell. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

## Flying In India

Mail Service From India to Australia

Great progress is being made in aviation in India. The government has under consideration a plan to establish an aerial mail service between Bombay, on the east coast, and Rangoon, in Burma. A further service from India to Australia is also being considered.

In August of last year Brig.-Gen. A. E. Borton and Capt. Ross-Smith flew from England to Palestine, and after the signing of the armistice, proceeded from Palestine to India. Later they returned to England, and afterwards flew from England to India. So far as actual flying time is concerned, they did the journey in 72 hours.

He: "I dreamt I proposed to a pretty girl last night." She: "Go on. What did it say?"

It is almost as easy to pick the wrong woman for a wife as it is to pick the wrong horse in a race.

## British Columbia's Oil Prospects

To Make Examination of Alberta's Possibilities

Edmonton, Alta.—Prof. J. C. Gwillim, of the mining engineering department of the Queen's University, Kingston, has undertaken to make for the British Columbia government a survey of the western Peace River district at the headwaters of the Peace River, and with a party has gone north for this purpose. The particular object of the survey is to ascertain the oil possibilities of that region. There is a belief among geologists and prospectors that the country has petroleum as well as the Alberta section, and Professor Gwillim's work will be to investigate the lay of the land and make a report to the coast government. The professor had undertaken this survey before being requested by the Alberta government to make an examination of Alberta's iron possibilities.

For the purpose of furnishing a complete geological map of the country through which the Smoky and Little Smoky rivers flow, Prof. F. H. McLaren, of the Canadian geological survey, has gone north with a party of four men, to carry to a conclusion the work commenced last summer.

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When a girl thinks a young man is almost good enough for her, she is sure to think he is too good for any other girl.

## CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months, and unless prompt action is taken, little one may soon be beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets are an ideal medicine in warding off this trouble. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent all the dreaded summer complaints. They are absolutely safe medicine, being guaranteed by a government analyst to contain no opiates or narcotics or other harmful drugs. They cannot possibly harm—they always do good. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box. Write Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Salvage Hun Ships in Scapa Flow

London.—The British Admiralty has placed contracts for salvage of the German horse ships sunk by their crews in Scapa Flow. It was learned. It was said that "satisfactory results" were expected.

A small man's shadow is just as black as that of a great man.

For years Mother Graves' Worm-Exterminator has ranked as the most effective preparation manufactured, and it always maintains its reputation.

for its own protection against heavier than air craft. The dirigible and the two hangers to be built for it will cost \$9,000,000, according to information reaching military here. It will have a capacity of 10,000 cubic feet, will be 1,100 feet long, 137 feet in diameter, and capable of lifting 100 tons, which would be more than double the lifting capacity of R-34, which has just made a round trip voyage across the Atlantic.

The cruising radius of the new dirigible, which will be finished in from 18 to 20 months, is given as 16,000 miles, and could, it is claimed, easily undertake the voyage from England to Australia.

## WORKING AFTER SIXTY?

You surely must if you don't save when you are young. An Excelsior Endowment is the best way. Write for pamphlet to-day

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.  
WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

Don't Experiment  
Be A Moody User

## Keep Your Land Clean



Write For Cash  
or Time Prices

Separates the weed seeds from the grain, and bags them separately. Grain cleaned ready for elevator or for seed, and no damage at elevator. A separator guaranteed to do good work in all kinds of grain, threshing the grain clean from the head, putting it in the bin, not in the straw pile. A machine that has stood the test of time. Over 20,000 in use in Western Canada. Power Required: No. 6 A. 24-32, with hand-feed attachments and straw carrier, requires 9 H.P. Engine. No. 6 A. 24-32, with hand-feed attachments and blower, requires 10 H.P. Engine. No. 6 A. 24-32, with hand-feed attachments and blower, requires 14 H.P. Engine. New 1919 model, No. 2-30-38, with hand-feed attachments and blower, requires 14 H.P. Engine. New Model, 1919, No. 2-30-38, with Moody Self-Feeder and Blower, requires 16-18 H.P. Engine. If you do not have an engine, secure prices on our 10 and 14 H.P. Motor Engines, made for Moody Separators, or our Parrot Tractors. If you have a Parrot Tractor, or a 10-20 Tractor, you have just the right power. The New Home Machinery Company, Limited, Camrose and Edmonton, Saskatchewan, Sask. Write for Full Information Regarding Moody Separators. Mitchell Hardware Company, Limited, Brandon, Man.

## ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

110 University Ave., Toronto, Canada  
Under the Ontario Department of Agriculture. Affiliated With the University of Toronto  
Session Begins Wednesday, October 1st, 1919. Write for Calendar  
Containing Full Information  
C. D. MCGILVRAY, M.D.V., PRINCIPAL

## Saskatchewan

### Land Inquiries

Saskatchewan Land Settlement Association Doing Good Work

Regina, Sask.—Much advertising is being given this province in the United States as the result of the work of the Saskatchewan Land Settlement Association, formed at the instigation of the Dominion Department of Immigration recently for the purpose of handling inquiries concerning farm lands received by the offices of the Canadian immigration authorities in the United States. During the past month 6,000 letters have been received by the association and distributed among the members, who under the provisions of the by-laws must answer the inquiries fully. From the nature of the letters received it is stated by the secretary of the association that conditions in this province are quite imperfectly understood in the United States.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

## Large Sums For Stockyards Improvements

Between \$250,000 and \$300,000, it is to be spent this year in improving and enlarging the Alberta Stock Yards at Calgary. The yards are to be paved, sewerage put in, and the whole of the older portion modernized as much as possible. Other improvements and extensions will be made from time to time as it is the intention that the stockyards shall be kept thoroughly abreast of the times and the live stock business is constantly increasing.

## The colonel beckoned to his orderly.

"Smith, I wish you'd ride into the town and get the correct time."

"Why, sir," Smith hesitated, "I haven't got a watch."

"A watch; a watch!" roared the colonel. "What in the name of sense do you want a watch for? Write it down on a piece of paper, man."

## Irrigation Is Unprofitable

Rainfall Farming And Irrigation Farming Compared

Our modern knowledge teaches that there is no essential difference between rain-fall farming and irrigation-farming, except in the manner in which water is applied to the soil. Says Wisdom, in Principles of Irrigation Practice. "Every argument against the permanency of irrigation farming may be urged against rainfall farming; and every argument for the permanency of rainfall farming may be used with equal force on behalf of irrigation farming. The everlasting relationships among soils, waters and plants are the same over all the earth. Under irrigation the great water factor may be controlled, and thereby greater power for good or for evil is possessed by the farmer under the ditch."

In Alberta both rainfall farming and irrigation farming are successfully practiced. The central and northern portions of the province usually have sufficient moisture every year to produce good crops; in parts of the south the rainfall cannot be relied upon in sufficient quantities every season to grow satisfactory crops, but where the natural rainfall may be supplemented by irrigation profitable crops can be and are being raised every year, for the conditions are ideal.

Judge (severely): "How can you be so mean as to swindle people who put confidence in you?"

Prisoner: "Well, your honor, they are the only sort that you can swindle."

An artificial kiss is the kind one woman inflicts on another.

## PILES

Do not suffer another day with this annoying, or painful, or embarrassing condition. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as a certain cure you can get it at all dealers or by mail from Dr. Chase, Ltd., Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and decide to stamp to post order.

## BENSON'S CORN STARCH

Desserts—Rolls  
Sauces

BENSON'S is pure prepared corn starch, delicate and nourishing, unexcelled for all cooking purposes.

It improves the texture of bread, biscuits and rolls if one-third of the flour is substituted with Benson's Corn Starch. It makes pie crusts light and flakey.

There is a recipe for the most delicious Blanc Manger on the package, together with a dozen other uses. Benson's is the best corn starch for making sauces and gravies smooth and creamy.

Write for booklet of recipes





We have in Stock the New Grade

J. R. MILLER

**➔ We sell Newcastle Coal**

**W. L. CHAPMAN, Prop.**

J. A. McColl, M.L.A., Chas. A. Brady and Mr. Hallman, of Acadia Valley left Tuesday to represent Acadia constituency at the Liberal convention at Ottawa.

A Low Derrick Well Machine, in  
good running order. For particulars  
apply  
T. G. WHITE  
Sec 6-30-5 Cereal

R. S. Woodruff

## Genuine Ford Repairs

**Agent for Gray-Dort Cars and  
Massey-Harris Machinery  
C. R. BROWNELL, Prop**

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